

## *Chapter 6*

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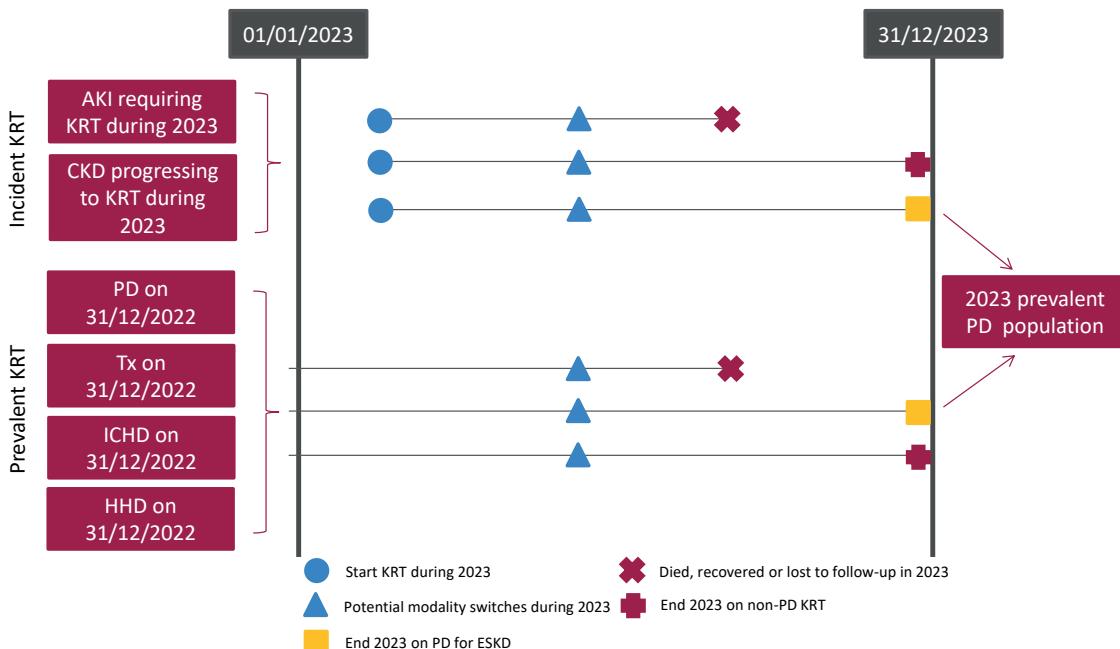
# **Adults on peritoneal dialysis (PD) in the UK at the end of 2023**

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## Introduction

This chapter describes the population of adult patients with end-stage kidney disease (ESKD) who were receiving regular peritoneal dialysis (PD) in the UK at the end of 2023 (figure 6.1). This population comprises patients who were on PD at the end of 2022 and remained on PD throughout 2023, as well as patients who commenced/re-commenced PD in 2023. This latter group includes both incident kidney replacement therapy (KRT) patients who ended 2023 on PD and prevalent KRT patients who switched to PD from in-centre haemodialysis (ICHD), home haemodialysis (HHD) or a transplant (Tx) in 2023. Consequently, the cohort of patients receiving PD in a centre not only reflects differences in underlying population case-mix, but also differences in the rates of acceptance onto KRT, survival on PD, transplantation and haemodialysis (ICHD and HHD), and the care of patients on those other modalities, as described in other chapters of this report.



**Figure 6.1** Pathways adult patients could follow to be included in the UK 2023 prevalent PD population

Note that patients receiving dialysis for acute kidney injury (AKI) are only included in this chapter if they had a timeline or KRT modality code for chronic PD at the end of 2023 or if they had been on KRT for ≥90 days and were on PD at the end of 2023  
CKD – chronic kidney disease

The cause of death analyses were undertaken on historic prevalent cohorts to allow sufficient follow-up time.

This chapter addresses the following key aspects of the care of patients on PD for which there are UK Kidney Association guidelines (table 6.1):

- **Complications associated with ESKD and PD:** these include anaemia, mineral bone disorders and metabolic acidosis.
  - **Infections associated with PD:** rates of PD peritonitis are reported in this chapter. The four infections subject to mandatory reporting to the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) - methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA), methicillin-sensitive *Staphylococcus aureus* (MSSA), *Escherichia coli* bacteraemia and *Clostridium difficile* - will be added to the UKRR data portal ([ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-portals](http://ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-portals)) as new data become available.

## Rationale for analyses

The analyses begin with a description of the 2023 prevalent adult PD population, including the number on PD per million population (pmp).

The UK Kidney Association guidelines ([ukkidney.org/health-professionals/guidelines/guidelines-commentaries](https://www.ukkidney.org/health-professionals/guidelines/guidelines-commentaries)) provide audit measures relevant to the care of patients on PD, and the guidelines available during 2023 were used for this audit. Where data permit, attainment of these measures by UK kidney centres in 2023 is reported in this chapter (table 6.1). Audit measures in guidelines that have been archived are not included.

Some audit measures – for example, the target for glycated haemoglobin (HbA1c) in those on hypoglycaemia-inducing treatment – cannot be reported because the completeness of the required data items is too low. Detail about the completeness of data returned to the UK Renal Registry (UKRR) is available through the UKRR data portal ([ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-portals](https://www.ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-portals)). Audit measures that cannot be reported because the required data items were not collected by the UKRR are omitted.

For definitions and methods relating to this chapter see appendix A. Centres were excluded from caterpillar plots and cells were blanked in tables where data completeness for a biochemical variable was <70% and/or the number of patients reported was <10. The number preceding the centre name in each caterpillar plot indicates the percentage of missing data for that centre.

As Colchester kidney centre did not have any PD patients they were excluded from some of the analyses, although their dialysis patients were included in the relevant dialysis population denominators.

Exeter and Manchester were unable to submit patient level data for 2023. Aggregate numbers by modality were provided, enabling inclusion in Tables 6.2 and 6.3. Exeter and Manchester are excluded from all other analyses.

London Kings moved to a new Trust IT system, and as a result data were not submitted for the final quarter of 2023. Data for London Kings presented in this chapter are for patients receiving PD on 30th September 2023, rather than 31st December 2023.

**Table 6.1** The UK Kidney Association audit measures relevant to PD that are reported in this chapter

The UK Kidney Association guideline	Audit criteria	Related analysis/analyses
CKD mineral bone disorder (2018)	Percentage of patients with serum calcium above the normal reference range of 2.2–2.5 mmol/L	Table 6.5, figure 6.3
PD (2017)	Plasma bicarbonate should be maintained in the normal reference range 22–30 mmol/L – 100%	Table 6.5, figure 6.5
Anaemia (2020)	Proportion of patients with serum ferritin <100 µg/L at start of treatment with erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)	Table 6.6, figure 6.9 (the UKRR does not hold treatment with ESA start dates)
Commentary on the NICE Guideline on Renal Replacement Therapy and Conservative Management (2020)	Number of patients withdrawing from PD as a proportion of all deaths on PD	Table 6.8, figure 6.13

ESA – erythropoiesis stimulating agent

PD

## Key findings

- 3,686 adult patients were receiving PD for ESKD in the UK on 31/12/2023, compared to 3,804 in 2022, which represented 5.1% of the KRT population.
- The median age of PD patients was 63.0 years and 60.4% were male.
- The median adjusted calcium for PD patients was 2.4 mmol/L and 13.2% were above the target range of 2.2–2.5 mmol/L.
- The median bicarbonate for PD patients was 25 mmol/L and 76.4% were within the target range of 22–30 mmol/L.
- The median haemoglobin for PD patients was 111 g/L and 10.1% had a ferritin <100 µg/L.
- The PD peritonitis rate in 2023 (England only) was 0.35/1 PD patient-year.
- Cause of death records from Civil Registration were used where the cause of death was missing in the UKRR data. This has resulted in improved completeness and changes in proportions of causes of death. The leading cause of death was cardiac disease in both younger patients and those  $\geq 65$  years at 17.4% and 21.8% respectively. Treatment withdrawal accounted for 9.4% of deaths in those  $\geq 65$  years, and infection around 16% in younger and 21% in older patients.

PD

# Analyses

## Changes to the prevalent adult PD population

For the 67 adult kidney centres, the number of prevalent patients on PD was calculated as both a proportion of the prevalent patients on KRT and as a proportion of the estimated centre catchment population (calculated as detailed in appendix A).

**Table 6.2** Number of prevalent adult PD patients and proportion of adult KRT patients on PD by year and by centre; number of PD patients as a proportion of the catchment population

Centre	N on PD					% on PD					Estimated catchment population (millions)	2023 crude rate (pmp)
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
<b>ENGLAND</b>												
Bham	257	268	276	280	250	7.8	8.2	8.4	8.3	7.3	2.10	119
Bradfd	34	26	37	40	31	4.6	3.6	5.0	5.1	3.8	0.51	61
Brightn	55	65	68	56	63	5.2	6.0	6.2	5.1	5.5	1.08	58
Bristol	63	68	77	62	65	4.2	4.6	5.1	4.1	4.3	1.27	51
Camb	28	26	29	28	29	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	0.99	29
Carlis	35	32	30	28	21	11.6	10.8	9.8	9.2	6.9	0.26	81
Carsh	72	121	132	128	125	4.0	6.5	6.9	6.6	6.2	1.68	74
Colchr	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.30	0
Covnt	81	83	80	80	75	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.1	6.5	0.81	93
Derby	62	69	67	59	64	9.5	10.2	9.7	8.2	8.7	0.58	111
Donc	25	19	13	15	20	7.3	5.6	3.8	3.9	5.2	0.38	53
Dorset	33	34	23	19	27	4.3	4.3	2.9	2.4	3.3	0.75	36
Dudley	36	32	40	30	33	9.8	8.6	9.9	7.8	9.0	0.35	94
EssexMS	85	83	92	82	115	10.0	9.4	10.3	9.2	11.8	1.01	114
Exeter	84	84	73	75	70	7.7	7.7	6.8	6.6	6.2	0.99	71
Glouc	31	30	36	30	34	5.8	5.7	6.6	5.4	6.1	0.53	65
Hull	49	57	52	56	54	5.4	6.2	5.7	6.0	5.6	0.81	67
Ipswi	42	33	34	22	15	9.8	7.7	8.1	5.6	3.8	0.32	47
Kent	50	62	72	74	57	4.4	5.4	6.0	6.1	4.6	1.08	53
L Barts	228	265	254	234	220	8.6	9.9	9.3	8.2	7.4	1.62	136
L Guys	53	64	70	47	45	2.3	2.8	3.0	2.0	1.9	1.01	45
L Kings	95	101	98	102	89	7.6	8.1	7.4	7.3	6.4	0.94	94
L Rfree	165	179	172	147	138	7.0	7.7	7.2	6.1	5.6	1.27	108
L St.G	43	48	53	61	57	5.0	5.6	6.1	7.1	6.5	0.67	85
L West	155	200	214	196	190	4.3	5.7	6.0	5.4	5.2	2.03	94
Leeds	67	64	52	54	56	3.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	1.40	40
Leic	126	120	138	151	160	4.9	4.6	5.2	5.5	5.7	2.18	73
Liv UH	57	57	56	60	55	3.8	3.9	3.8	4.1	3.7	1.27	43
M RI	76	84	96	91	101	3.7	4.2	4.6	4.3	4.5	1.37	74
Middlbr	32	28	20	23	14	3.4	3.0	2.1	2.4	1.4	0.82	17
Newc	59	46	58	43	51	5.0	3.8	4.7	3.5	4.0	0.96	53
Norwch	46	47	48	40	58	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.0	7.2	0.71	82
Nottm	76	95	103	94	88	6.2	7.9	8.5	7.8	7.4	0.93	94
Oxford	58	68	66	75	85	2.9	3.4	3.3	3.6	4.0	1.54	55
Plymth	42	33	34	45	35	7.9	6.1	6.3	8.3	6.4	0.41	85
Ports	87	101	90	107	94	4.6	5.3	4.6	5.4	4.6	1.79	53
Prestn	43	50	55	57	56	3.2	3.7	4.0	4.1	3.9	1.27	44
Redng	56	61	50	55	52	6.5	7.0	5.7	6.0	5.2	0.74	70
Salford	120	106	84	93	96	9.7	8.4	6.9	7.3	7.0	1.19	81
Sheff	60	77	80	82	70	4.0	5.2	5.3	5.5	4.7	1.12	62
Shrew	55	51	50	47	55	12.6	11.9	11.3	10.5	11.9	0.42	130
Stevng	37	25	37	43	37	3.8	2.6	3.6	4.0	3.3	1.15	32

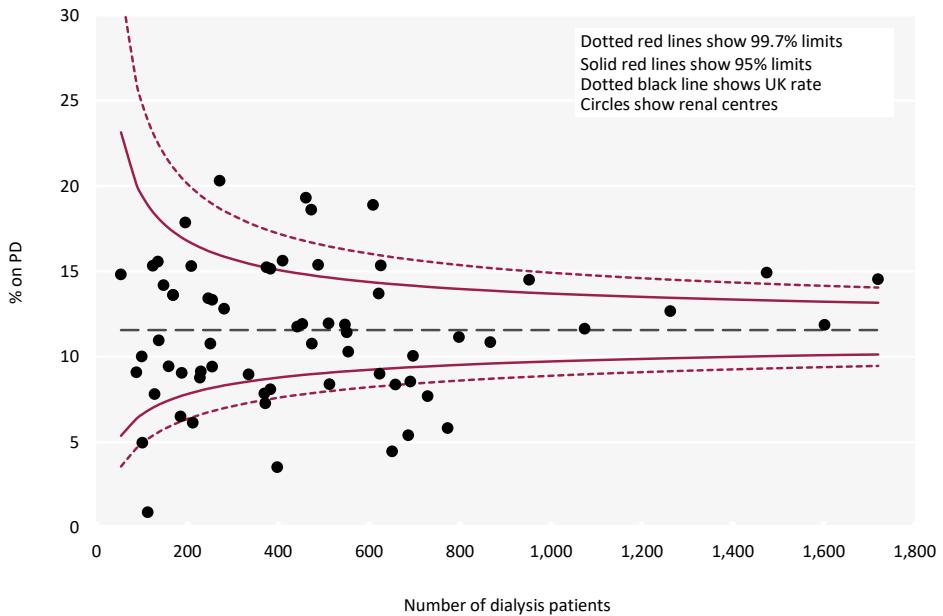
**Table 6.2** Continued

Centre	N on PD					% on PD					Estimated catchment population (millions)	2023 crude rate (pmp)
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Stoke	71	95	107	107	89	8.8	11.6	12.7	11.8	9.7	0.75	119
Sund	26	32	37	36	36	4.6	5.8	6.8	6.4	6.1	0.54	66
Truro	21	23	22	16	13	4.7	5.2	4.8	3.4	2.8	0.37	36
Wirral	18	18	20	16	17	4.3	4.3	4.8	4.0	4.4	0.48	35
Wolve	49	59	64	58	61	8.0	9.0	9.2	8.0	7.8	0.55	110
York	33	24	27	40	27	5.7	4.2	4.6	6.6	4.4	0.49	55
<b>N IRELAND</b>												
Antrim	19	12	18	20	15	6.7	4.2	6.1	6.5	4.8	0.25	60
Belfast	18	15	27	22	23	2.0	1.7	3.0	2.4	2.5	0.54	43
Newry	11	9	13	10	8	4.3	3.4	4.6	3.7	2.9	0.24	34
Ulster	8	3	3	5	5	4.3	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.4	0.21	24
West NI	14	7	6	7	1	4.3	2.0	1.8	2.0	0.3	0.25	4
<b>SCOTLAND</b>												
Abrdn	21	21	19	27	21	3.8	3.7	3.3	4.6	3.5	0.50	42
Airdrie	21	29	28	25	24	4.0	5.6	5.6	4.8	4.2	0.47	51
D&Gall	8	9	7	8	8	5.3	5.7	4.5	5.5	5.5	0.12	66
Dundee	21	13	16	20	23	4.7	3.1	4.0	5.2	6.0	0.37	62
Edinb	40	32	32	38	30	4.5	3.6	3.5	3.9	3.0	0.85	35
Glasgw	45	45	38	36	29	2.4	2.4	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.38	21
Inverns	12	7	9	12	10	4.2	2.6	3.3	4.3	3.2	0.23	44
Klmarnk	24	27	33	31	32	6.6	7.3	8.9	8.2	8.1	0.29	110
Krkcldy	12	5	6	12	12	4.1	1.7	2.1	4.2	4.2	0.28	44
<b>WALES</b>												
Bangor	14	18	12	10	10	7.0	8.3	5.5	4.5	4.6	0.16	63
Cardff	63	67	58	53	59	3.6	4.0	3.4	3.0	3.2	1.16	51
Clwyd	13	13	11	12	19	6.3	6.4	5.4	5.9	8.6	0.18	105
Swanse	77	59	49	52	43	8.9	6.9	5.8	6.1	4.8	0.75	57
Wrexm	23	24	16	20	21	7.4	7.5	5.3	6.5	6.4	0.21	100
<b>TOTALS</b>												
England	3176	3,413	3,486	3,384	3,293	5.5	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.4	45.78	72
N Ireland	70	46	67	64	52	3.6	2.3	3.3	3.1	2.5	1.48	35
Scotland	204	188	188	209	189	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.4	4.48	42
Wales	190	181	146	147	152	5.7	5.5	4.5	4.4	4.3	2.46	62
<b>UK</b>	<b>3640</b>	<b>3,828</b>	<b>3,887</b>	<b>3,804</b>	<b>3,686</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>54.20</b>	<b>68</b>

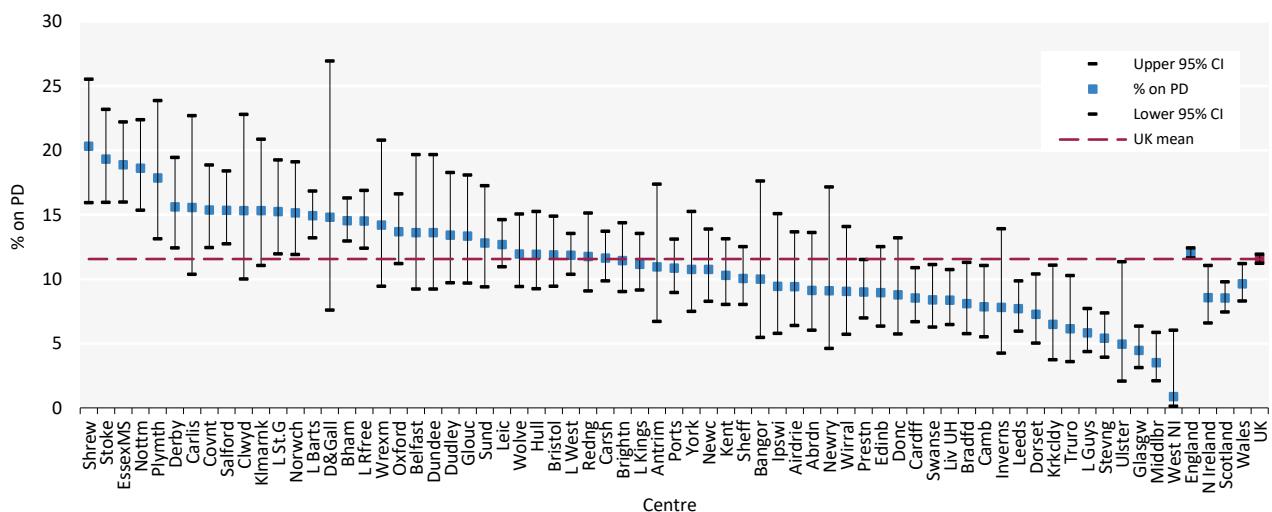
Country PD populations were calculated by summing the PD patients from centres in each country. Estimated country populations were derived from publicly available sources (see appendix A for details on estimated catchment population by kidney centre)

Exeter was unable to submit 2021 to 2023 patient level data, Manchester was unable to submit 2023 patient level data, but provided aggregate numbers of patients on KRT at the end of each year, by treatment modality

pmp – per million population



**Figure 6.2a** Percentage of adult patients prevalent to dialysis on 31/12/2023 who were on PD by centre



**Figure 6.2b** Percentage of adult patients prevalent to dialysis on 31/12/2023 who were on PD by centre  
CI - confidence interval

## Demographics of prevalent adult PD patients

The proportion of PD patients from each ethnic group is shown for patients with ethnicity data – the proportion of patients in each centre with no ethnicity data is shown separately.

**Table 6.3** Demographics of adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 by centre

Centre	N on KRT	N on PD	% on PD	Median age (yrs)	% male	Ethnicity				% missing
						% White	% Asian	% Black	% Other	
<b>ENGLAND</b>										
Bham	3,417	250	7.3	62.6	60.8	55.2	29.0	14.9	0.8	3.6
Bradfd	824	31	3.8	60.8	48.4	67.7	29.0	0.0	3.2	0.0
Brightn	1,145	63	5.5	69.0	66.7	90.0	6.7	1.7	1.7	4.8
Bristol	1,522	65	4.3	66.5	61.5	87.5	6.3	3.1	3.1	1.5
Camb	1,629	29	1.8	61.0	72.4	79.3	17.2	0.0	3.4	0.0
Carlis	305	21	6.9	68.1	57.1	95.2	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Carsh	2,001	125	6.2	63.6	60.8	66.9	19.0	9.9	4.1	3.2
Colchr	164	0	0.0							
Covnt	1,158	75	6.5	63.6	56.0	83.8	12.2	2.7	1.4	1.3
Derby	735	64	8.7	65.5	60.9	94.8	5.2	0.0	0.0	9.4
Donc	387	20	5.2	53.4	65.0	95.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0
Dorset	816	27	3.3	61.7	59.3	96.3	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dudley	368	33	9.0	57.5	60.6	66.7	27.3	6.1	0.0	0.0
EssexMS	974	115	11.8	70.0	61.7	78.6	7.8	10.7	2.9	10.4
Exeter	1,127	70	6.2							
Glouc	560	34	6.1	64.8	61.8	88.2	8.8	0.0	2.9	0.0
Hull	959	54	5.6	61.1	61.1	96.2	1.9	0.0	1.9	1.9
Ipswi	397	15	3.8	77.0	53.3	71.4	0.0	7.1	21.4	6.7
Kent	1,240	57	4.6	59.9	75.4	89.5	1.8	7.0	1.8	0.0
L Barts	2,959	220	7.4	61.2	58.6	28.0	40.8	26.1	5.2	4.1
L Guys	2,318	45	1.9	58.3	51.1	50.0	19.0	19.0	11.9	6.7
L Kings	1,389	89	6.4	61.2	58.4	42.5	12.6	40.2	4.6	2.2
L Rfree	2,475	138	5.6	63.6	60.9	36.4	24.2	18.2	21.2	4.3
L St.G	878	57	6.5	63.4	68.4	47.1	27.5	13.7	11.8	10.5
L West	3,681	190	5.2	67.3	57.4	36.3	39.5	16.8	7.4	0.0
Leeds	1,906	56	2.9	57.7	55.4	76.4	16.4	7.3	0.0	1.8
Leic	2,820	160	5.7	64.5	58.8	84.0	10.4	2.1	3.5	10.0
Liv UH	1,503	55	3.7	54.6	69.1	83.7	7.0	4.7	4.7	21.8
M RI	2,258	101	4.5							
Middlbr	971	14	1.4	58.5	57.1	92.3	0.0	7.7	0.0	7.1
Newc	1,287	51	4.0	55.7	58.8	86.3	11.8	0.0	2.0	0.0
Norwch	808	58	7.2	67.1	74.1	92.5	5.7	0.0	1.9	8.6
Nottm	1,195	88	7.4	59.7	72.7	79.5	7.2	4.8	8.4	5.7
Oxford	2,132	85	4.0	64.4	68.2	80.9	16.2	1.5	1.5	20.0
Plymth	549	35	6.4	67.0	60.0	94.3	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ports	2,030	94	4.6	64.5	55.3					39.4
Prestrn	1,436	56	3.9	61.2	53.6	88.0	10.0	2.0	0.0	10.7
Redng	994	52	5.2	58.0	61.5	72.5	20.0	2.5	5.0	23.1
Salford	1,371	96	7.0	60.5	46.9	84.4	11.1	2.2	2.2	6.3
Sheff	1,478	70	4.7	65.5	55.7	88.6	7.1	2.9	1.4	0.0
Shrew	461	55	11.9	64.6	65.5	92.2	2.0	3.9	2.0	7.3
Stevng	1,117	37	3.3	61.6	64.9	69.4	11.1	16.7	2.8	2.7
Stoke	921	89	9.7	64.9	60.7	86.4	8.6	2.5	2.5	9.0
Sund	590	36	6.1	62.3	55.6	94.4	2.8	0.0	2.8	0.0
Truro	468	13	2.8	52.9	38.5	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wirral	387	17	4.4	68.3	64.7	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wolve	780	61	7.8	60.5	59.0	62.3	21.3	16.4	0.0	0.0

**Table 6.3** Continued

Centre	N on KRT	N on PD	% on PD	Median age (yrs)	Ethnicity					% missing
					% male	% White	% Asian	% Black	% Other	
York	610	27	4.4	59.5	70.4	96.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	7.4
<b>N IRELAND</b>										
Antrim	311	15	4.8	77.0	53.3					33.3
Belfast	938	23	2.5	65.4	56.5	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.4
Newry	277	8	2.9	75.6	50.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
Ulster	210	5	2.4	63.2	60.0					40.0
West NI	357	1	0.3	86.2	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>SCOTLAND</b>										
Abrdn	608	21	3.5	61.2	57.1					
Airdrie	565	24	4.2	72.0	50.0					
D&Gall	145	8	5.5	69.4	37.5					
Dundee	384	23	6.0	67.1	69.6					
Edinb	989	30	3.0	60.8	60.0					
Glasgw	1,934	29	1.5	60.8	72.4					
Inverns	310	10	3.2	62.1	70.0					
Klmarnk	394	32	8.1	61.4	46.9					
Krkcldy	288	12	4.2	50.5	66.7					
<b>WALES</b>										
Bangor	218	10	4.6	74.1	40.0					50.0
Cardff	1,830	59	3.2	65.7	50.8	95.9	2.0	2.0	0.0	16.9
Clwyd	222	19	8.6	66.3	84.2					31.6
Swanse	901	43	4.8	63.4	72.1	97.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	7.0
Wrexm	327	21	6.4	57.3	57.1	89.5	5.3	5.3	0.0	9.5
<b>TOTALS</b>										
England	61,500	3,293	5.4	62.8	60.5	69.9	16.6	9.3	4.1	6.3
N Ireland	2,093	52	2.5	75.4	53.8	97.4	2.6	0.0	0.0	25.0
Scotland	5,617	189	3.4	62.8	59.3					
Wales	3,498	152	4.3	64.1	61.2	95.2	3.2	1.6	0.0	17.1
<b>UK</b>	<b>72,708</b>	<b>3,686</b>	<b>5.1</b>	<b>63.0</b>	<b>60.4</b>	<b>71.3</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>7.1</b>

Blank cells – no data returned by the centre or data completeness <70%

Breakdown by ethnicity is not shown for centres with <70% data completeness, but these centres were included in national averages

Exeter and Manchester were unable to submit 2023 patient level data, but provided aggregate numbers of patients on KRT at the end of 2023, by treatment modality

UK ethnicity distribution and completeness does not include Scotland

Primary renal diseases (PRDs) were grouped into categories as shown in table 6.4, with the mapping of disease codes into groups explained in more detail in appendix A. The proportion of PD patients with each PRD is shown for patients with PRD data and these total 100% of patients with data. The proportion of patients with no PRD data is shown on a separate line.

**Table 6.4** Primary renal diseases (PRDs) of adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023

PRD	N on PD	% PD population	Age <65 yrs		Age ≥65 yrs		M/F ratio
			N	%	N	%	
Diabetes	783	24.0	409	23.0	374	25.2	1.7
Glomerulonephritis	555	17.0	397	22.4	158	10.6	1.7
Hypertension	248	7.6	120	6.8	128	8.6	2.5
Polycystic kidney disease	260	8.0	174	9.8	86	5.8	1.0
Pyelonephritis	185	5.7	90	5.1	95	6.4	1.2
Renal vascular disease	139	4.3	33	1.9	106	7.1	2.0
Other	501	15.4	298	16.8	203	13.7	1.1
Uncertain aetiology	591	18.1	254	14.3	337	22.7	1.5
<b>Total (with data)</b>	<b>3,262</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,775</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,487</b>	<b>100.0</b>	
Missing	253	7.2	121	6.4	132	8.2	1.5

## Biochemistry parameters in prevalent adult PD patients

The UK Kidney Association guideline on chronic kidney disease (CKD) mineral bone disease contains only one audit measure, which is the percentage of patients with adjusted calcium above the target range. The UK Kidney Association guideline on PD contains one biochemical audit measure, which is the proportion of patients with bicarbonate in the target range.

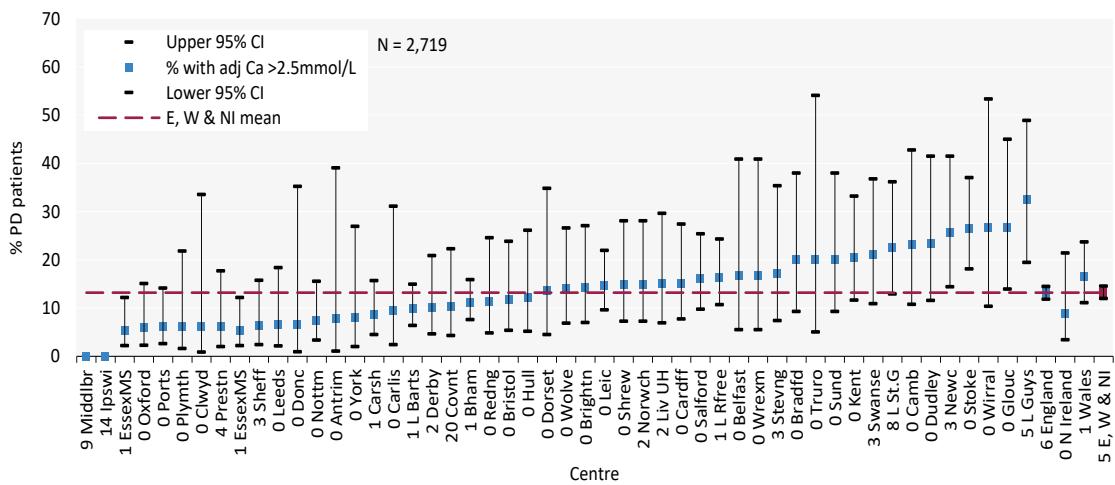
**Table 6.5** Median adjusted calcium (Ca) and percentage with adjusted Ca within and above the target range (2.2–2.5 mmol/L); and median bicarbonate and percentage with bicarbonate below, within and above the target range (22–30 mmol/L) in adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 by centre

Centre	Adjusted calcium				Bicarbonate				
	Median (mmol/L)	% 2.2-2.5 mmol/L	% >2.5 mmol/L	% data completeness	Median (mmol/L)	% <22 (mmol/L)	% 22-30 (mmol/L)	% >30 (mmol/L)	% data completeness
	ENGLAND								
Bham	2.4	79.2	11.1	98.7	21	61.7	38.3	0.0	76.4
Bradfd	2.5	76.7	20.0	100.0	27	6.7	86.7	6.7	100.0
Brightn	2.4	75.5	14.3	100.0	24	24.5	73.5	2.0	100.0
Bristol	2.4	86.3	11.8	100.0	24	19.6	78.4	2.0	100.0
Camb	2.4	69.2	23.1	100.0	26	3.9	88.5	7.7	100.0
Carlis	2.3	81.0	9.5	100.0	23	14.3	76.2	9.5	100.0
Carsh	2.3	78.1	8.6	99.1					0.0
Colchr									
Covnt	2.3	79.6	10.2	80.3	25	10.0	88.0	2.0	82.0
Derby	2.4	86.4	10.2	98.3	23	28.3	71.7	0.0	100.0
Donc	2.4	73.3	6.7	100.0	24	26.7	73.3	0.0	100.0
Dorset	2.4	81.8	13.6	100.0	21	59.1	40.9	0.0	100.0
Dudley	2.4	76.7	23.3	100.0	26	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0
EssexMS	2.4	90.4	5.3	99.0	26	7.5	91.5	1.1	99.0
Exeter									
Glouc	2.4	70.0	26.7	100.0	24	30.0	70.0	0.0	100.0
Hull	2.4	85.4	12.2	100.0	24	7.3	92.7	0.0	100.0
Ipswi	2.3	91.7	0.0	85.7	22	50.0	50.0	0.0	85.7
Kent	2.4	77.8	20.4	100.0	27	7.7	88.5	3.9	96.3
L Barts	2.4	81.9	9.8	99.5	26	9.9	85.9	4.2	99.0
L Guys	2.4	64.9	32.4	94.9	25	16.2	81.1	2.7	94.9
L Kings	2.3	79.7	6.8	92.5	23	42.5	57.5	0.0	91.3
L Rfree	2.4	75.9	16.4	99.2	25	18.1	79.3	2.6	99.2
L St.G	2.4	67.4	22.5	92.5					0.0

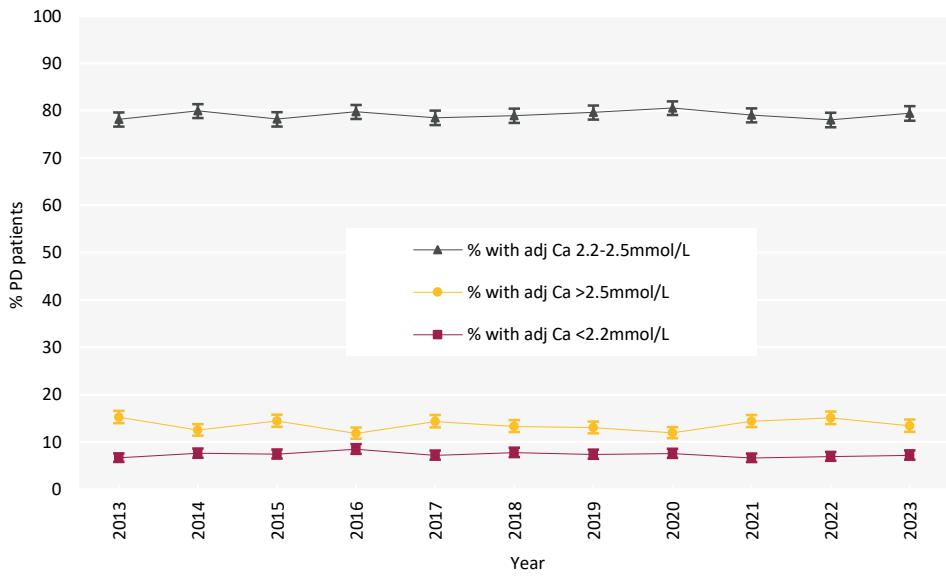
**Table 6.5** Continued

Centre	Adjusted calcium				Bicarbonate				
	Median (mmol/L)	% 2.2-2.5 mmol/L	% >2.5 mmol/L	% data completeness	Median (mmol/L)	% <22 (mmol/L)	% 22-30 (mmol/L)	% >30 (mmol/L)	% data completeness
L West				33.7					30.1
Leeds	2.4	91.3	6.5	100.0	27	4.4	84.8	10.9	100.0
Leic	2.4	78.3	14.7	100.0	24	12.4	84.5	3.1	100.0
Liv UH	2.4	85.0	15.0	97.6	26	5.0	95.0	0.0	97.6
M RI									
Middlbr	2.3	70.0	0.0	90.9	27	10.0	90.0	0.0	90.9
Newc	2.4	71.8	25.6	97.5	25	12.8	87.2	0.0	97.5
Norwch	2.4	83.0	14.9	97.9	23	32.6	67.4	0.0	95.8
Nottm	2.4	90.1	7.4	100.0					37.0
Oxford	2.2	63.6	6.1	100.0	23	32.3	64.5	3.2	93.9
Plymth	2.3	84.4	6.3	100.0	22	46.7	53.3	0.0	93.8
Ports	2.4	88.8	6.3	100.0	24	17.7	81.0	1.3	98.8
Prestn	2.4	79.2	6.3	96.0	26	8.5	87.2	4.3	94.0
Redng	2.4	79.6	11.4	100.0	25	15.9	84.1	0.0	100.0
Salford	2.4	79.3	16.1	100.0	27	9.3	81.4	9.3	98.9
Sheff	2.3	77.8	6.4	96.9	24	28.6	68.3	3.2	96.9
Shrew	2.4	85.1	14.9	100.0	24	29.8	70.2	0.0	100.0
Stoke	2.5	73.5	26.5	100.0	27	4.8	86.8	8.4	100.0
Sund	2.4	70.0	20.0	100.0					0.0
Truro	2.4	80.0	20.0	100.0					90.0
Wirral	2.4	66.7	26.7	100.0	27	6.7	80.0	13.3	100.0
Wolve	2.4	78.0	14.0	100.0	24	30.0	70.0	0.0	100.0
York	2.4	92.0	8.0	100.0	26	4.0	84.0	12.0	100.0
<b>N IRELAND</b>									
Antrim	2.4	92.3	7.7	100.0	26	7.7	92.3	0.0	100.0
Belfast	2.4	83.3	16.7	100.0	27	0.0	94.4	5.6	100.0
Newry				100.0					100.0
Ulster				100.0					100.0
West NI				100.0					100.0
<b>WALES</b>									
Bangor				100.0					100.0
Cardff	2.4	77.4	15.1	100.0	24	22.7	70.5	6.8	83.0
Clwyd	2.35	93.8	6.3	100.0	24	25.0	75.0	0.0	100.0
Swanse	2.4	65.8	21.1	97.4	25	5.3	89.5	5.3	97.4
Wrexm	2.4	77.8	16.7	100.0	27	5.6	83.3	11.1	100.0
<b>TOTALS</b>									
England	2.4	79.5	13.1	94.3	25	21.3	75.9	2.8	83.0
N Ireland	2.4	88.9	8.9	100.0	26	6.7	88.9	4.4	100.0
Wales	2.4	76.1	16.4	99.3	25	13.6	80.8	5.6	92.6
<b>E, W &amp; NI</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>94.6</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>76.4</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>83.7</b>

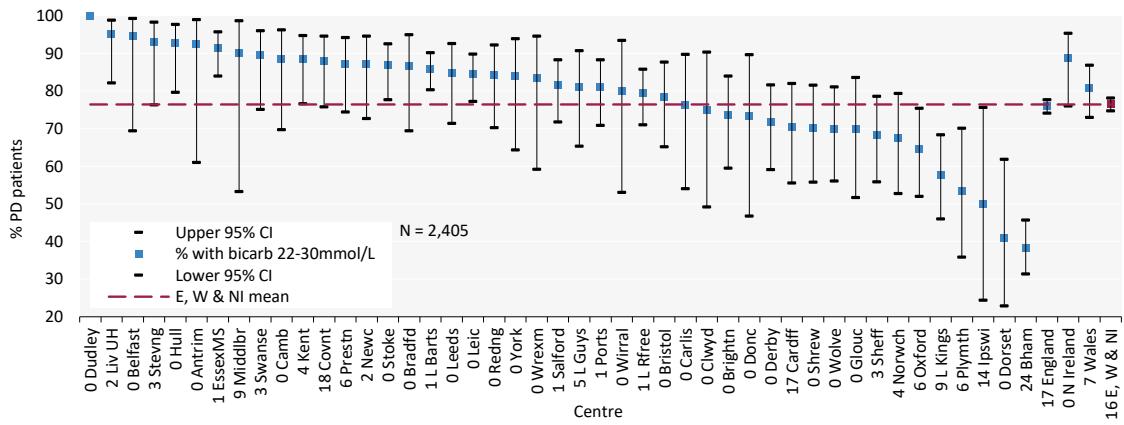
Blank cells – no data returned by the centre or <10 patients in the centre or data completeness <70%



**Figure 6.3** Percentage of adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 with adjusted calcium (Ca) above the target range (>2.5 mmol/L) by centre  
CI – confidence interval

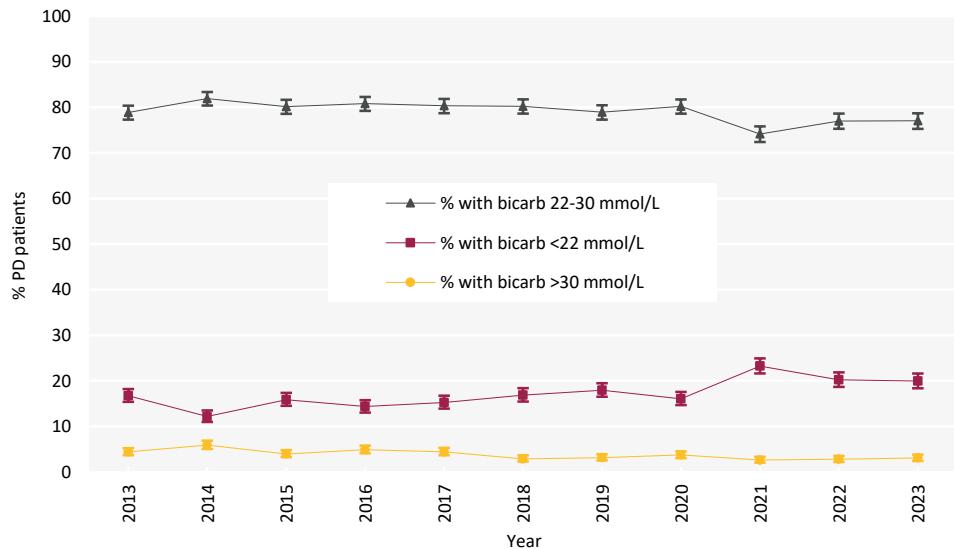


**Figure 6.4** Change in percentage of prevalent adult PD patients within, above and below the target range for adjusted calcium (Ca 2.2–2.5 mmol/L) between 2013 and 2023



**Figure 6.5** Percentage of adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 with bicarbonate (bicarb) within the target range (22–30 mmol/L) by centre

CI – confidence interval



**Figure 6.6** Percentage of prevalent adult PD patients within, above and below the target range for bicarbonate (bicarb 22–30 mmol/L) between 2013 and 2023

## Anaemia in prevalent adult PD patients

UK Kidney Association anaemia guidelines recommend a target haemoglobin of 100–120 g/L. Data regarding target and median haemoglobin and ferritin levels attained are presented in table 6.6.

**Table 6.6** Median haemoglobin and ferritin and percentage attaining target ranges in adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 by centre

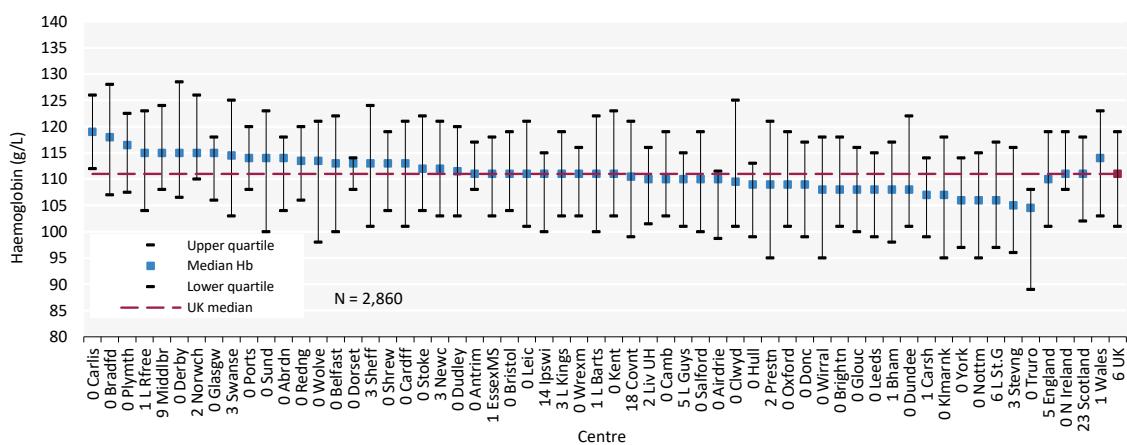
Centre	Haemoglobin				Ferritin		
	Median (g/L)	% <100 g/L	% >120 g/L	% data completeness	Median (µg/L)	% <100 µg/L	% data completeness
ENGLAND							
Bham	108	27.3	15.9	99.1	360	6.6	98.7
Bradfd	118	10.0	40.0	100.0	357	3.3	100.0
Brightn	108	16.3	22.4	100.0	331	4.2	98.0
Bristol	111	11.8	21.6	100.0	230	13.7	100.0
Camb	110	15.4	19.2	100.0	345	0.0	100.0
Carlis	119	9.5	42.9	100.0	240	9.5	100.0
Carsh	107	26.7	13.3	99.1	307	4.7	100.0
Colchr							
Covnt	111	26.0	26.0	82.0	192	32.7	85.3
Derby	115	13.3	38.3	100.0	424	3.4	98.3
Donc	109	26.7	6.7	100.0	279	0.0	100.0
Dorset	113	9.1	9.1	100.0	364	4.5	100.0
Dudley	112	16.7	23.3	100.0	123	43.3	100.0
EssexMS	111	18.1	21.3	99.0	280	25.5	99.0
Exeter							
Glouc	108	23.3	13.3	100.0	236	10.3	96.7
Hull	109	29.3	7.3	100.0	556	4.9	100.0
Ipswi	111	16.7	8.3	85.7	412	8.3	85.7
Kent	111	20.4	27.8	100.0	421	3.9	94.4
L Barts	111	24.9	27.5	99.5	262	22.1	93.3
L Guys	110	24.3	16.2	94.9	423	8.1	94.9
L Kings	111	15.4	23.1	97.5	250	13.0	96.3
L Rfree	115	12.9	31.0	99.2	588	4.3	98.3
L St.G	106	32.0	16.0	94.3	416	4.2	90.6
L West				34.3			25.9
Leeds	108	26.1	15.2	100.0	444	6.5	100.0
Leic	111	22.5	27.1	100.0	283	12.4	100.0
Liv UH	110	22.5	15.0	97.6	387	10.0	97.6
M RI							
Middlbr	115	10.0	40.0	90.9			63.6
Newc	112	15.4	28.2	97.5	578	5.3	95.0
Norwch	115	12.8	36.2	97.9	373	14.6	100.0
Nottm	106	29.6	13.6	100.0	492	7.4	100.0
Oxford	109	19.7	19.7	100.0	398	0.0	92.4
Plymth	117	15.6	37.5	100.0	241	9.4	100.0
Ports	114	11.3	23.8	100.0	488	7.7	97.5
Prestn	109	28.6	26.5	98.0	425	4.1	98.0
Redng	114	13.6	22.7	100.0	415	4.5	100.0
Salford	110	23.0	19.5	100.0	458	5.7	100.0
Sheff	113	19.0	30.2	96.9	631	3.2	95.4
Shrew	113	21.3	23.4	100.0	288	14.9	100.0
Stevng	105	41.4	17.2	96.7	560	6.9	96.7
Stoke	112	14.5	26.5	100.0	407	1.2	100.0
Sund	114	23.3	30.0	100.0	418	0.0	80.0
Truro	105	40.0	10.0	100.0			90.0
Wirral	108	26.7	6.7	100.0	514	0.0	100.0
Wolve	114	28.0	28.0	100.0	206	20.0	100.0
York	106	40.0	16.0	100.0	324	8.3	96.0
N IRELAND							
Antrim	111	0.0	7.7	100.0	465	0.0	100.0
Belfast	113	22.2	38.9	100.0	364	16.7	100.0
Newry				100.0			100.0
Ulster				100.0			100.0

**Table 6.6** Continued

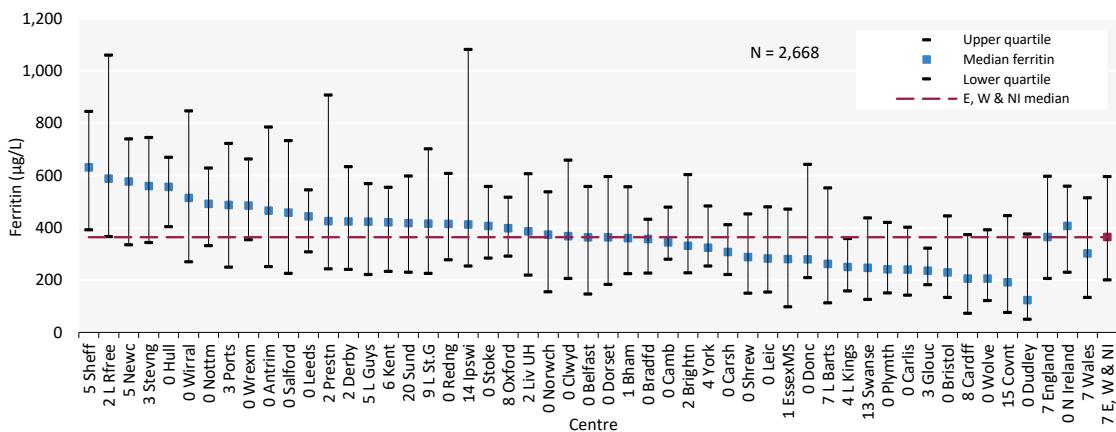
Centre	Haemoglobin				Ferritin		
	Median (g/L)	% <100 g/L	% >120 g/L	% data completeness	Median (µg/L)	% <100 µg/L	% data completeness
West NI				100.0			100.0
<b>SCOTLAND</b>							
Abrdn	114	21.1	21.1	100.0			
Airdrie	110	28.6	14.3	100.0			
D&Gall				100.0			
Dundee	108	22.7	27.3	100.0			
Edinb				0.0			
Glasgw	115	12.0	20.0	100.0			
Inverns				100.0			
Klmarnk	107	33.3	18.5	100.0			
Krkcldy				0.0			
<b>WALES</b>							
Bangor				100.0			100.0
Cardff	113	20.8	30.2	100.0	206	30.6	92.5
Clwyd	110	18.8	25.0	100.0	368	6.3	100.0
Swanse	115	15.8	34.2	97.4	247	23.5	87.2
Wrexm	111	22.2	22.2	100.0	485	0.0	100.0
<b>TOTALS</b>							
England	110	21.7	22.6	94.7	365	9.6	92.7
N Ireland	111	8.9	22.2	100.0	407	8.9	100.0
Scotland	111	22.9	19.1	77.1			
Wales	114	18.7	31.3	99.3	302	19.8	93.3
<b>UK</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>22.8</b>	<b>94.0</b>	<b>364</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>92.9</b>

Blank cells – no data returned by the centre or <10 patients in the centre or data completeness <70%

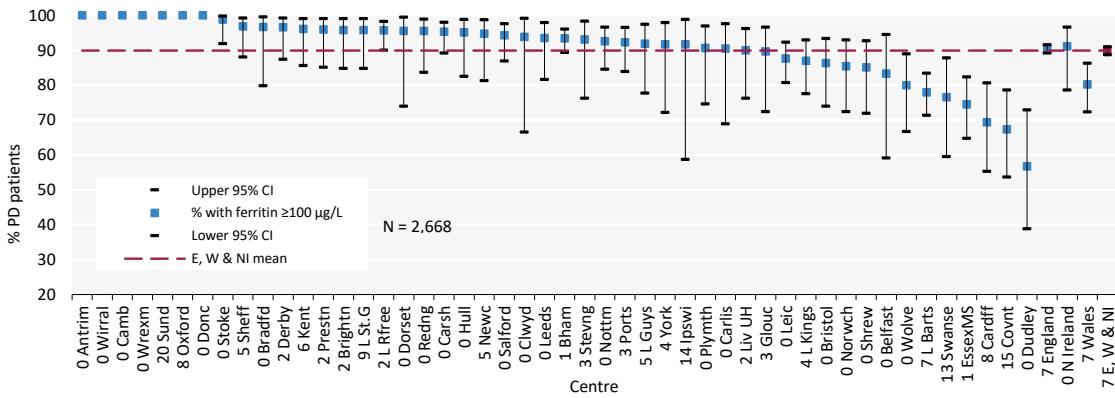
Ferritin total for UK represents E, W and NI only



**Figure 6.7** Median haemoglobin (Hb) in adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 by centre

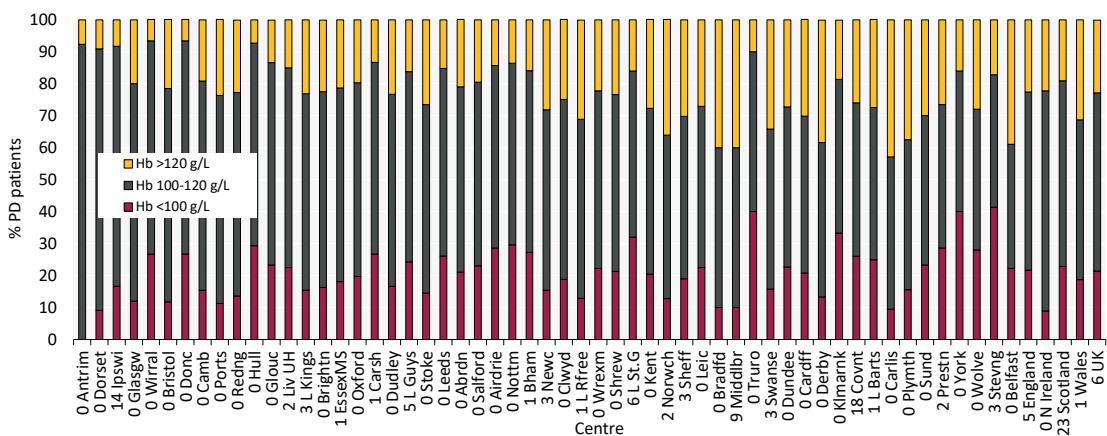


**Figure 6.8** Median ferritin in adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 by centre

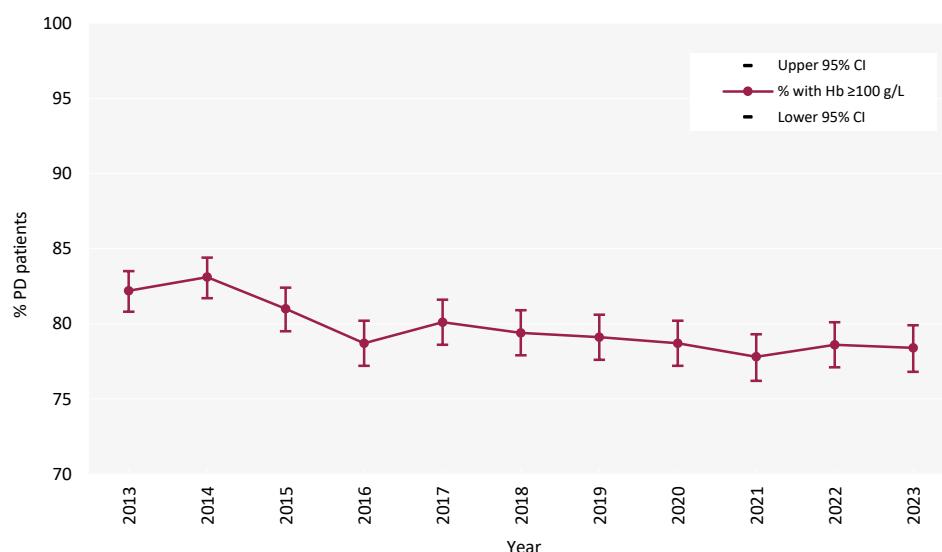


**Figure 6.9** Percentage of adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 with ferritin  $\geq 100 \mu\text{g}/\text{L}$  by centre

CI – confidence interval



**Figure 6.10** Distribution of haemoglobin (Hb) in adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2023 by centre



**Figure 6.11** Percentage of prevalent adult PD patients with haemoglobin (Hb)  $\geq 100$  g/L between 2013 and 2023  
CI – confidence interval

## Peritonitis in prevalent adult PD patients

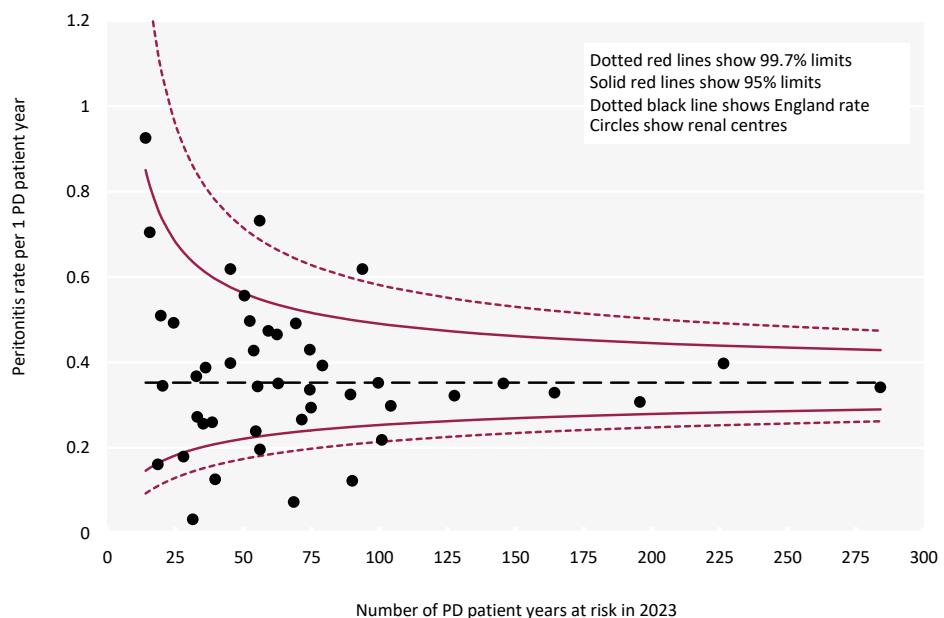
PD peritonitis infection rates are collected for English kidney centres by the UKRR in collaboration with NHS England for the Renal Dialysis Quality Dashboard ([ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-permissions/data/ukrr-nhs-england-quality-dashboard-dataset](http://ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-permissions/data/ukrr-nhs-england-quality-dashboard-dataset)) and are listed in the table below. The funnel plot (figure 6.12) shows each centre's 2023 peritonitis rate per one PD patient-year against the number of patient-years at risk to take into account the greater variation expected as centre size decreases.

**Table 6.7** Number of patient-years and peritonitis rate in adult patients receiving PD in 2023 by centre in England

Centre	PD patient years	Peritonitis rate per 1 PD patient year
Bham	284	0.34
Bradfd	35	0.26
Brightn	56	0.20
Bristol	69	0.49
Camb	36	0.39
Carlis	19	0.16
Carsh	128	0.32
Covnt	75	0.29
Derby	74	0.43
Donc	20	0.34
Dorset	24	0.49
Dudley	33	0.37
EssexMS		
Exeter	72	0.27
Glouc	39	0.26
Hull	56	0.73
Ipswi	28	0.18
Kent	69	0.07
L Barts	226	0.40
L Guys	45	0.40
L Kings	104	0.30
L Rfree	146	0.35

**Table 6.7** Continued

Centre	PD patient years	Peritonitis rate per 1 PD patient year
L St.G	63	0.35
L West	196	0.31
Leeds	55	0.24
Leic	164	0.33
Liv UH	62	0.46
M RI	89	0.32
Middlbr	16	0.70
Newc	45	0.62
Norwch		
Nottm	94	0.62
Oxford	79	0.39
Plymth	40	0.13
Ports	100	0.35
Prestrn	54	0.43
Redng	52	0.50
Salford	90	0.12
Sheff	74	0.34
Shrew	59	0.47
Stevng	50	0.56
Stoke	101	0.22
Sund	31	0.03
Truro	14	0.93
Wirral	20	0.51
Wolve	55	0.34
York	33	0.27
TOTAL		
<b>England</b>	<b>3,275</b>	<b>0.35</b>



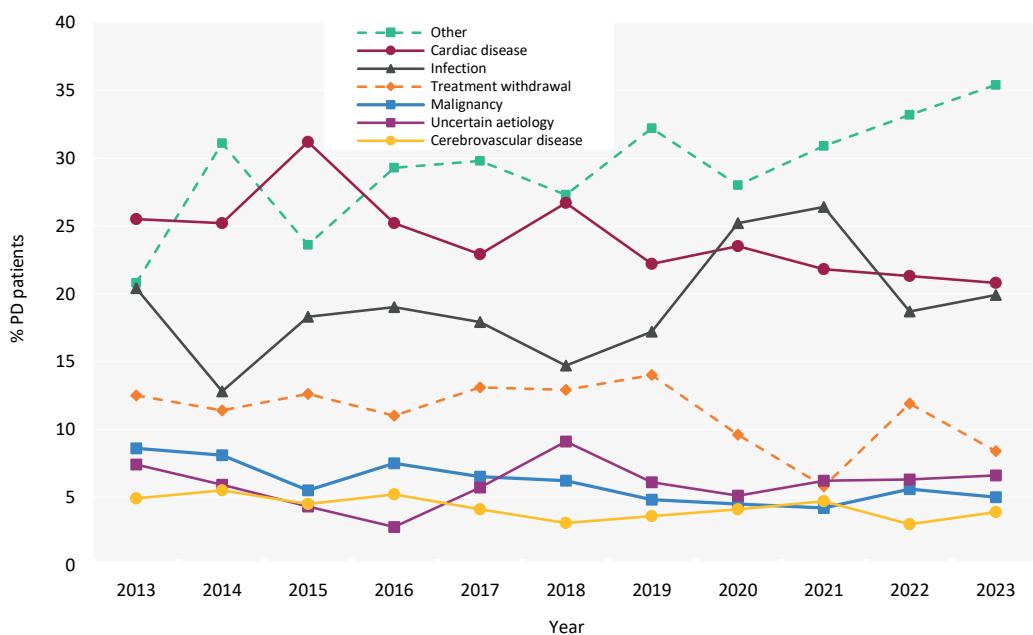
**Figure 6.12** PD peritonitis rates in adult patients receiving PD in 2023 per 1 PD patient-year by centre in England  
Please visit the UKRR data portal ([ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-portals](http://ukkidney.org/audit-research/data-portals)) to identify individual kidney centres

## Cause of death in adult PD patients

Cause of death was analysed in prevalent patients receiving PD on 31/12/2022 and followed-up for one year in 2023. The proportion of PD patients with each cause of death is shown for patients with cause of death data and these total 100% of patients with data. The proportion of patients with no cause of death data is shown on a separate line. Where cause of death was missing in UKRR data, cause of death from Civil Registration records was used. Further detail on the survival of prevalent KRT patients is in chapter 3.

**Table 6.8** Cause of death in adult patients prevalent to PD on 31/12/2022 followed-up in 2023 by age group

Cause of death	PD all ages		PD < 65 years		PD ≥ 65 years	
	N	%	%	%	%	
Cardiac disease	91	20.8	17.4	21.8		
Cerebrovascular disease	17	3.9	8.2	2.7		
Infection	87	19.9	16.3	20.9		
Malignancy	22	5.0	2.0	5.9		
Treatment withdrawal	37	8.5	5.1	9.4		
Other	155	35.4	41.8	33.5		
Uncertain aetiology	29	6.6	9.2	5.9		
<b>Total (with data)</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>100.0</b>		
Missing	36	7.6	6.7	7.9		



**Figure 6.13** Cause of death between 2013 and 2023 for adult patients prevalent to PD at the beginning of the year